

PLANS AND PREDICTIONS FOR THE FUTURE

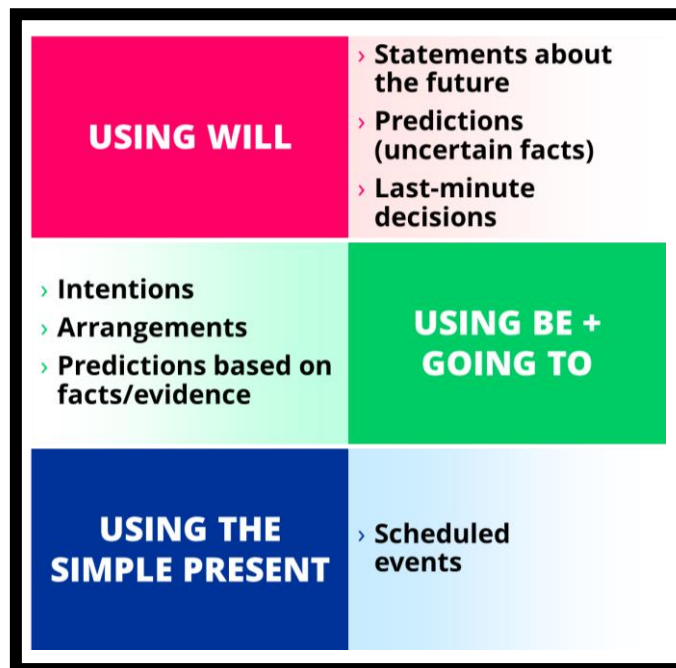
As formas verbais do futuro em Inglês são formadas através do uso de verbos auxiliares. As estruturas mais comuns do futuro são aquelas que utilizam “going to” ou “will”.

O futuro expresso através do uso de “going to” refere-se a eventos que têm evidência no momento presente. Serve também para compromissos agendados e eventos marcados.

Já o futuro expresso através do uso do auxiliar “will” refere-se a eventos futuros que não têm evidência no presente, ou seja, previsões.

Ainda é possível utilizar o *Simple Present* para referir-se a eventos futuros com horário marcado ou que fazem parte de um cronograma.

A seguir, veja a estrutura das frases que utilizam cada uma destas formas.



EXERCÍCIOS – DATA DE ENTREGA: 26/11

(NÃO É NECESSÁRIO IMPRIMIR. FAÇA OS EXERCÍCIOS NO CADERNO)

23.2 MATCH THE BEGINNINGS OF THE SENTENCES TO THE CORRECT ENDINGS

The next train to Pasadena

1 I thought I was going to be late

2 Tomorrow's lecture about

3 Tim thought the meeting

4 Sorry, I'm busy at the moment, but

but I made it to work just on time.

volcanoes will be very interesting.

leaves the station at 4pm.

I will have finished in 10 minutes.

would have started by now.

23.3 CROSS OUT THE INCORRECT WORDS IN EACH SENTENCE



Oh no! He **is going to** / **will** drop those glasses!

1



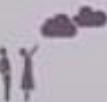
Sue tells me she **is going to** / **will** start learning Spanish next year.

2



You look tired. **I'm going to** / **I'll** get you some coffee.

3



Look at those clouds. **It's going to** / **It will** rain soon.

4



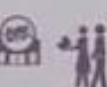
I'm going to / **I'll** help you with those bags, Edith.

5



Look! He **is going to** / **will** ask his girlfriend to marry him.

6



I am going to / **will** see a play at the theater. I've already got the tickets.

7



In the future I think people **are going to** / **will** travel to other planets.

8



I'm going to / **I'll** have the chocolate cake on the right, please.